POST PLACEMENT REQUIREMENTS

The following steps must be taken in a timely manner:

- The adoption worker must provide the foster care worker with the PCA-320, Order Placing Child After Consent, within 14 calendar days of issuance.

- The foster care worker must terminate payments, close Medicaid and enter the legal orders in MiSACWIS within 14 calendar days of receipt of the order and forward the case file to the adoption worker.

- The adoption worker, or foster care monitor for contracted adoption agency cases, must open the adoption case and Medicaid and verify that it is transmitted to Bridges under the child’s adoptive name. Do not open Medicaid for children with SSI Medicaid (types E or B) or children without citizenship status.

- During the time of adoption placement supervision, prior to the order confirming (finalizing) the adoption, the adoption worker must visit the adoptive family and child not less than monthly. The family must be advised of the results of the supervising agency’s continuing assessment at the conclusion of each quarter.

- The DHS-613, Adoptive Placement Supervisory Report, must be used to report the child’s and family’s adjustment to the adoptive placement. This form must be used until finalization of the adoption. A copy of the DHS-613 must be given to the adoptive family each quarter.

MONTHLY CASEWORKER VISITS

Per federal child welfare policy, children who are in adoptive placement but not yet in a finalized adoption are considered to be in foster care until the PCA 321, Order of Adoption is signed by the court. In order to meet the caseworker visit requirements, at least monthly caseworker visits by the adoption worker are required during adoption supervision for the purpose of assuring the safety and well-being of the child.
Caseworker Visit Requirements

- Each child and at least one adoptive parent must have a face-to-face adoption worker visit a minimum of once each calendar month. If there are two adoptive parents, the adoption worker must have a face-to-face visit with the child and the second adoptive parent, in the child’s residence, at least once each quarter.

- The adoption worker visit with the child and adoptive parent must take place in the child’s residence at least every other month.

- Each child visit must include a private meeting between the child and the adoption worker.

- During the monthly visit, the areas to be discussed must include, but are not limited to, the following:

  Child Visit:
  - Child’s medical, dental, and mental health and physical appearance.
  - Child’s feelings/observations about the adoptive placement, if age appropriate.
  - Education.
  - Sibling/relative visitation plans.
  - Extracurricular/cultural activities/hobbies since last visit.
  - Permanency plan.
  - Any issues or concerns expressed by the child.

  Adoptive Parent Visit:
  - Date of child’s last physical and dental exam.
  - Medication dosages and diagnoses for the child.
  - Medical/dental/mental health concerns, appointments, treatment, follow-up care and therapy updates.
  - Child behaviors, concerns, developmental milestones.
• Education, school status, performance, behaviors and services provided.

• Adoptive parent tasks to meet the child’s needs.

• Permanency plan.

• Any Children’s Protective Services complaints made since the last visit.

• Status of any recommended training, if applicable

General Information:

• Type of visit.

• Visit location.

• Names of all persons present at the visit.

• The worker’s observation of the child’s bedroom.

Additional Caseworker Visits - Recruited Families

To ensure adequate supports for children placed in families with whom the child has not lived prior to adoptive placement or has been placed in the home for less than three months, the following minimum caseworker visit requirements must be met by the adoption worker:

• First month of adoptive placement: One face-to-face supervision visit each week.

• Second and third months of adoptive placement: One face-to-face supervision visit every two weeks. By the end of the third month at least one collateral contact with a person familiar with the child who lives outside of the home (example teacher, doctor, therapist).

• Fourth and subsequent months of adoptive placement: One face-to-face supervision each month.

Documenting Caseworker Visits

The information gathered during the monthly caseworker visits and all caseworker contacts must be documented in the child’s case record. The information must be included in the DHS-613, Adoption Supervisory Report, and the DHS-222, Adoption Closing Summary.
Caseworker Visit Tools

Two caseworker visit tools are available to assist workers in gathering the above required information during monthly visits. The tools are:

- DHS-904, Foster Care/Adoption/Juvenile Justice Caseworker Visit Quick Reference Guide. This is a guide that contains the information that must be covered in a monthly visit but is not intended for recording notes.

- DHS-904A, Foster Care/Adoption/Juvenile Justice Caseworker Visit Tool. This form contains the same information as the DHS-904, but includes room to take notes during the visit.

The caseworker visit tools provide structure and reminders of required topics. The tools are not to be used as documentation in the case record. Information from visits must be summarized and documented quarterly using the DHS-613, Adoption Supervisory Report, and/or DHS-222, Adoption Closing Summary.

Entry of Caseworker Visits in MiSACWIS

Social work contacts include phone contact, emails, and face-to-face caseworker visits with children, foster parents/relative caregivers and adoptive parents, and communications with other interested parties. All social work contacts must be entered into MiSACWIS.

Direct workers must enter all face-to-face contacts, with children, foster parents/relative caregivers and adoptive parents into MiSACWIS within 5 business days of the contact. The contact must include the location of the face-to-face contact.
MEDICAID (MA) DURING ADOPTION SUPERVISION - CHILDREN NOT ELIGIBLE FOR ADOPTION ASSISTANCE

Former permanent court wards and state (MCI) wards are eligible for Medicaid (MA) during the period of adoption supervision prior to finalization (Legal Status Code 43, Court Ward-Supervised Adoption) even if they are not eligible for adoption assistance. When the adoption is finalized or if the adoption disrupts and the child returns to foster care, the MA for these children must be closed.

BENEFIT NOTICE (DHS - 176)

For youth whose adoptions are finalized, the DHS-176, Benefit Notice must be sent to the youth or his/her family with the following statement: "We have not made a determination of your Medicaid eligibility beyond the effective date shown above. You may be eligible for further assistance. You must complete and submit a DHS-1171, Assistance Application, to determine your continued eligibility for Medicaid." File a copy of the DHS-176 in the youth’s case record.

Assistance applications are available from the local DHS office or online at www.michigan.gov/dhs-forms. Select DHS-1171, Assistance Application, from the Applications category.

ADOPTION TAXPAYER IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (ATIN)

Upon adoptive placement, pending finalization, the adoptive family must be referred to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) to determine whether application should be made for an “Adoption Taxpayer Identification Number (ATIN).” The ATIN is a temporary identification number issued by the IRS when a Social Security number cannot be obtained for an adopted child. A new Social Security number for an adopted child is not applied for until the adoption is finalized.
An ATIN must be used in lieu of a Social Security number for a child placed in adoption (but not yet finalized) and claimed as a dependent when filing a federal income tax return. This matter is particularly relevant when an adoptive placement occurs late in a calendar year and finalization is not expected to occur until the following year. The adoptive family should be advised to obtain Form W-7A, “Application for Taxpayer Identification Number for Pending U.S. Adoptions.” This form may be obtained by contacting any of the following:

- IRS web site: www.irs.gov/formspubs
- General IRS telephone number: 1-800-829-1040.

**FINALIZATION PROCEDURES**

Finalization of the adoption can be ordered by the court immediately after the adoptive placement order or following the completion of an adoption supervisory period. Finalization is contingent upon a positive recommendation by the placing agency. If the court determines that adoption is in the best interest of the child, the court will issue the PCA 321, Order of Adoption. The court may issue the final order with or without a hearing. The adoption worker must attend any scheduled hearings. Both the family and the child placing agency receive a copy of the final order. For adoptions completed by contracted adoption agencies, a copy of the PCA 321, Order of Adoption, must be submitted to the DHHS adoption monitor as soon as the order is received.

**MiSACWIS Update**

The adoption worker or DHHS adoption monitor must enter finalization information and caseworker visits in MiSACWIS, closing the adoption case as a finalized adoption. If Medicaid (for a child without adoption assistance-related Medicaid) was opened during the supervision period by a services worker, the services worker must close the Medicaid case at finalization.

**Notice of Post Adoption Services**

When the final Order of Adoption is received, the child placing agency must inform the family in writing of post adoption services available to assist the family. When families request assistance, DHHS must provide services or refer the family to appropriate com-
munity resources. The local DHHS office must assist adoptive fami-
lies seeking a medical subsidy by providing the DHS-1341A, 
Parent’s Request For Medical Subsidy For An Adopted Child, and 
referring them to the adoption subsidy unit in situations where:

- A child was not previously certified for a medical subsidy.
- A child was certified for a medical subsidy but the family 
wishes to request certification of additional medical conditions.

NEW BIRTH CERTIFICATE ISSUANCE

Upon notification of finalization by the family court, the Department 
of Health and Human Services (DHHS) issues a new certificate of 
birth. Form DCH-0854, Establish New Michigan Birth Record 
Following an Adoption, is used by the court for notification to 
DHHS.

NEW SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER ISSUANCE

Upon finalization of the child’s adoption, the adoptive family must 
be referred to the Social Security Administration to apply for a new 
Social Security number. The adoptive parents must have a copy of 
the child’s new birth certificate in order to apply for a new Social 
Security number. In some instances, Social Security Administration 
policy may prohibit the issuance of a new Social Security number, 
but will change the child’s name on the card.