

**SERVICE TYPES  
AND LIVING  
ARRANGEMENTS**

The following service types and living arrangements are all the possibilities that may be identified for a child. The worker must update the service type and living arrangement in MiSACWIS each time the child changes placement. The first bullet is the service type. Some service types have a more specific living arrangement that must also be identified.

**Note:** Any out-of-state living arrangement requires approval from the Interstate Compact Office; see [ICM 110, Interstate Service Program Requirements](#).

- **Parental Home:** Custodial parent, non-custodial parent, adoptive parent, legal parent, or biological parent regardless of status of legal rights.
  - Parental Home.

This includes when a parent resides in the same home as the child. An example is the child is placed in the grandparents' home. The child's mother moves into the grandparents' home. The placement episode ends and the child is living in a parental home placement. If the mother moves from the home, new legal findings must be made for this new removal episode to be considered for title IV-E eligibility.

This also includes a child living in the same placement as their teen parent.
  - Out-of-State Parental Home.
  - Terminated Parental Home.
- **Legal Guardian:** Related or non-related individual appointed by the court. This unpaid service type is to be entered into MiSACWIS effective the date the court order is signed appointing the guardian.
  - EPIC Guardianship Home.
  - Juvenile Guardianship Home.
- **Foster Home:** Licensed, unrelated family foster home placement or a licensed or unlicensed, non-legally responsible relative through blood, marriage or adoption or any other relative within the fifth degree of kinship with whom the agency

has placed the child for care and supervision. Examples include grandparent, brother, sister, aunt, uncle, nephew, niece or cousin.

- Licensed/Unlicensed Relative Home.
  - Licensed Unrelated Foster Home.
  - Out-of-State Foster Home.
  - Out-of-State Unlicensed Relative Home.
  - Out-of-State Licensed Relative Home.
- **Adoptive Home:** Adoptive home once the child is legally placed by a court order for adoption.
  - **Independent Living:** Youth's own residence, including living in the residence of an adult who has no supervisory responsibility for the youth.
    - Rental Home/Apartment.
    - College Dormitory.
    - Unrelated Caregiver.
    - Licensed/Unlicensed Relative Home.
    - Friend/Partner Home.
  - **Unrelated Caregiver:** Unlicensed individual, not related to the child by blood, marriage or adoption.
  - **Emergency Shelter Home (Non-CCI):** Family foster home providing temporary shelter care or residential shelters operated by private child caring institutions (CCI) or court/county-operated shelter facilities.
  - **Detention:** Court- or state-operated short-term secure facility.
  - **Jail.**
  - **Child Caring Institution:** Privately operated, licensed residential treatment facility. This includes small community-based facilities operated by the private sector.
    - Child Caring Institution.
    - Out-of-State Child Caring Institution.
    - Emergency Residential Shelter.
    - Runaway Service Facility.
  - **MDHHS Training School:** Bay Pines Center or Shawono Center.

- **Runaway Service Facility** - Under contract with the MDHHS is a private non-profit corporation that provides temporary shelter care for youth voluntarily requesting this service.
- **Mental Health Facility:** Facilities operated by either the Department of Health and Human Services or a private entity.
- **Court Treatment Facility:** Court- or county-operated residential care centers.
- **Adult Foster Care Home:** An adult foster care home (AFC) is a home licensed by the Bureau of Child and Adult Licensing (BCAL). A youth must be 16 years old to be placed in an AFC home; see [FOM 722-03C, Older Youth: Preparation, Placement, and Discharge](#).
- **Hospital:** Placement is to be used for medical or psychiatric care.
  - Medical hospital.
  - Psychiatric hospital.
- **AWOL:** Absent without legal permission for an abuse/neglect child. Child who ran away from his/her placement or who has not yet entered a placement because he/she cannot be located. All AWOLP policies must be followed as outlined in [FOM 722-03A, Absent without Legal Permission](#).
- **Escape:** Escape for a delinquency youth. Youth who ran away from his/her placement or who has not yet entered a placement because he/she cannot be located. All AWOLP policies must be followed as outlined in JJ 410.
- **Treatment Foster Care:** Provided in limited counties by specific providers. Treatment foster home placements must be approved by the MDHHS supervisor, identified MDHHS gatekeeper; see [FOM 903-08, Payments Requiring Special Processing](#).